Employer Identification Number:

Date: MAR 2 1 2007

THE NONPROFIT PARTNERSHIP C/O ROBERT WOOLER PO BOX 1698 40 HOLLAND ST ERIE, PA 16507-0698

Form Advance Ruling Accounting Contribution Deductibility: Effective Date of Exemption: Public Charity Contact Contact RONALD 17053040031047 20-5616727 (877) 829-5500 September 22, 170(b)(1)(A)(vi) rm 990 Required: December December 31, Telephone Number: Person: D BELL Period Ending: Ending Date: 2010 Status: 2006 #CI 31185

Dear Applicant:

regarding your exempt status, you should keep it deductible under section 170 of t tax deductible bequests, devises, exempt status we have determined that you are exempt from Federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Contributions to you We are pleased to inform you that upon review of your 2522 of the Code. Because this the Code. transfers or gifts letter could venue Code. Contributions to you are You are also qualified to receive help resolve any questions in your permanent under application section for tax records. 2055, 2106

period, you begins with ending date Organizations either public charities will be treated as a public charity. Your advance ruling I the effective date of your exemption and ends with advance shown in the heading of the letter. exempt under or private section 501(c)(3) foundations. During your advance ruling foundations. During your advance ruling period charity. Your advance ruling advance ruling further classified

Shortly before the end of your advance ruling period, we will send you Form 8734, Support Schedule for Advance Ruling Period. You will have 90 days af the end of your advance ruling period to return the completed form. We will the end of your advance ruling period to return the completed form. then notify you, in writing, about your public charity status You will have 90 days after We will

organization. 501 (c) (3) see for some helpful information about your responsibilities enclosed Information for Exempt Organizations Under Section **3**5 an exempt

Sincerely,

Lois G. Lerner Director, Exempt Organizations Rulings and Agreements

Enclosures: Information for Organizations Exempt Under Section 501(c)(3)
Statute Extension

INFORMATION FOR ORGANIZATIONS EXEMPT UNDER SECTION 501(c)(3)

WHERE TO GET FORMS AND HELP

centers. through the Internet obtain forms and Web instructions by calling toll free 1-800-829-3676 Site at www.irs.gov, and at local tax assistance

Web Site at www.irs.gov/eo. In addition, you should organization's EO Update, a regular e-mail newsletter information posted on the charities pages of irs.gov. www.irs.gov/eo and click on "EO Newsletter." customer service function by calling toll can obtain additional information about most topics discussed below through you should sign up for Exempt l newsletter that highlights new free 1-877-829-5500, or on our To subscribe, go to

NOTIFY US ON THESE MATTERS

If you change your name, address, purposes, operations or sources of financial support, please inform our TE/GE EO Determinations Office at the following address: Internal Revenue Service, P.O. Box 2508, Cincinnati, Ohio 45201. use your employer identification number on all returns If you amend your organizational document or by-laws, correspondence with the Internal Revenue Service. EO Determinations Office with a copy of the amended documents. or dissolve, provide d documents. Please you file and in all

FILING REQUIREMENTS

of Organization Exempt From Income Tax. If your exemption letter states that you are not required to file Form 990, you are exempt from these requirements. Otherwise, if your gross receipts are normally more than \$25,000, you must file Form 990 or Form 990-EZ with the Ogden Submission Processing Center, Ogden, UT of Organization Exempt From Income Tax. your exemption letter, we indicated whether you must file Form 990, Return etter states that you must file

compute your "normal" receipts. or your You must between eligible to file Form 990-EZ if your gross receipts are normally \$25,000 and \$100,000, and your total assets are less than \$250,000 t file the complete Form 990 if your gross receipts are over \$100,0 total assets are over \$250,000. The Form 990 instructions show how to \$100,000,

Form 990 Schedule A is required for both Form 990 and Form 990-EZ.

Organizations With Gross Receipts of \$25,000 or Less

For tax periods beginning after December 31, 2006, you must file an annual electronic notice if your gross receipts are normally \$25,000 or less. Alternatively, you may file a complete Form 990 Package if we send one to you.

Exception: Section 509(a)(3) supporting organizations must file Form 990 or

supporting organizations of religious groups with gross receipts that a normally \$5,000 or less. However, supporting organizations of religious groups with gross receipts that a normally \$5,000 or less may file an annual electronic notice instead of Form 990 or Form 990-EZ.

Due Date of Return or Annual Electronic Notice

penalties, month after failing to return or annual electronic notice is due by the 15th day of the fifth after the end of your annual accounting period. There are penalties ing to file a complete return timely. For additional information on see the Form 990 instructions or call our toll free number

Revocation of Tax-Exempt Status

three consecutive years Form 990, Form 990-EZ, or the annual electronic notice For tax periods beginning after December 31, 2006, be revoked as of the filing due date of the third your tax-exempt status will year if you fail to file for

consecutive years, you must reapply for exemption and pay the appropriate user If your tax-exempt status is revoked because you failed to file for three

UNRELATED BUSINESS INCOME TAX RETURN

several to file you receive more than \$1,000 annually in gross receipts from a regular trade business, you may be subject to Unrelated Business Income Tax and file Form 990-T, Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Return. exceptions to this tax: There required

- 2 H you receive from the performance of your exempt activity,
- donated merchandise is sold, Income from fundraisers conducted by volunteer and workers,
- w Income from routine investments such as certificates of deposit savings accounts, or stock dividends.

income tax, see Publication 598, Tax on Unrelated Busine Organizations, or call our toll free number shown above financed" income. investments purchased with borrowed funds. are special rules for income derived from real estate or other For additional information regarding unrelated business This income is called "debt Business Income of Exempt

PUBLIC INSPECTION OF APPLICATION AND INFORMATION RETURN

of the due date of the return, or the date the return is filed. This ru applies to any Form 990-T filed after August 17, 2006. You are also req to make available for public inspection your exemption application, any supporting documents, and your exemption letter. You must also provide You are required to make your annual information return, Form 990 or Form 990-EZ, available for public inspection for three years after the later You are also required This rule also copies

charge documents other to than reasonable fees for copying and postage any individual, upon written or in person request,

Additional information is available in Publication 557, Penalties may be imposed for failure Your Organization, or call our toll free number shown above this requirement by placing these to comply with these requirements. documents on Tax-Exempt the Internet. Status for

FUNDRAISING

no consideration is received in return. Depending on the circumstances, ticket purchases and similar payments in conjunction with fundraising events may not qualify as fully deduction continuity. Contributions to you are deductible only to the extent no consideration is received in return. Depending on t as fully deductible contributions

CONTRIBUTIONS OF \$250 OR MORE

providing a written statement donated property. obtain written substantiation Donors must have written substantiation contribution of \$250 or more. Although property. from the charity, you can assist donors by listing any cash contribution or describing any į from the charity for any charitable is the donor's responsibility to

electronic (e-mail) or computer-generated forms are is no prescribed format This written statement must for the be provided at the time of the contribution. written statement. acceptable. Letters, postcards and There

written statement must contribution. donor is responsible for the valuation of donated property. provide ρ sufficient description to support However, the donor's your

maintains contribution, and the (such as a contributions of cash, receipt or <u>'</u> മ cancelled check) or a written communication from the charity (such 2007, a record of the contribution letter) showing nd the amount of of cash, a check or other monetary gift made on or a donor cannot claim a tax deduction unless the donor of the contribution in the form of either a bank re the the contribution name of the charity, the date of the bank record

Determining the Value of Donated Property. information additional Charitable Contributions information regarding donor substantiation, see about the valuation of donated property, see Publication 561, Substantiation and Disclosure Requirements. Publication

CONTRIBUTIONS OF MORE THAN \$75 AND CHARITY PROVIDES GOODS OR SERVICES

services provide a written disclosure statement from you in exchange for contributions to donors in excess who receive goods Ģ, \$75 S,

Contribution deductions are allowable contributions exceed the value of the goods to donors S, services received in only to the extent exchange.

contributions of more than \$75. shows, membership drives, etc., where something of value is received, you are required to provide a written statement informing donors of the fair market value of the specific items or services you provided in exchange for circumstances. necessarily qualify as fully deductible contributions, depending on the tances. If you conduct fundraising events such as benefit dinners, and similar payments items or services you provided in exchange for in conjunction with fundraising events

the value of goods or services provided by the charity. Your disclosure statement should be made, no later than, at the time payment is received. Subject to certain exceptions, your disclosure responsibility applies to any fundraising circumstances where each complete payment, including the fundraising materials such as solicitations, tickets, and receipts. The amoon of the contribution that is deductible is limited to the excess of any money (and the value of any property other than money) contributed by the donor lethe value of goods or services provided by the charity. Your disclosure of the contribution that is deductible, determine the fair market value of any benefit received, determine contribution portion, exceeds \$75. For additional 1771 and Publication 526, Charitable Contributions. should provide the written disclosure statement in advance of any event, For additional information, and state this information in your see Publication the amount The amount

EXCESS BENEFIT TRANSACTIONS

substantial influence over the organization's affairs. If you believe may be an excess benefit transaction in which you are involved, you streport the transaction on Form 990 or 990-EZ. For information on how provides an unreasonable benefit to a person who is in a position to exercise Excess benefit transactions are governed by section 4958 of the Code. Form 990-EZ, correct and report this transaction, transactions involve situations where a section 501(c)(3) organization g call ano toll free number r 990-EZ. For informa shown above. If you believe there for Form 990 and you should Excess

EMPLOYMENT TAXES

should have a Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate, on fil for each employee. Organizations described in section 501(c)(3) of the Code If you have employees, you are subject to income tax withholding and the so security taxes imposed under the Federal Insurance Contribution Act (FICA). You are required to withhold Federal income tax from your employee's wages you are required to pay FICA on each employee who is paid more than \$100 in wages during a not required to pay Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA) tax. calendar year. To know how much income tax to withhold, you income tax withholding and the social wages and on file

Return. The requirements for withholding, depositing, reporting are employment taxes are explained in Circular E, Employer's Tax Guide, (Publication 15), and Employer's Supplemental Tax Guide, (Publication 15) Employment taxes are reported on Form 941, Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax These publications explain your tax responsibilities as reporting and paying an employer (Publication 15-A)

CHURCHES

also discusses the various benefits and responsibilities Clergy and Religious Workers. Publication 517, treated as employees for employment tax purposes. These special emplorules for members of the clergy and religious workers are explained in addition, Churches may employ church-controlled organizations are subject to income be exempt Federal tax law. and Religious Workers. Churches should also consult Publications 15 Publication 1828, Tax Guide for Churches and Religious Organizations, although ministers are generally common law employees, from FICA taxes. Social Security and Other Information for Members of the both ministers Churches are not required to pay FUTA tax. and church workers. These special employment tax Employees of of these tax withholding, but they are not organizations churches

PUBLIC CHARITY STATUS

Every organization that qualifies for tax-exemption as an organization described in section 501(c)(3) is a private foundation unless it falls of the categories specifically excluded from the definition of that ten [referred to in section 509(a)(1), (2), (3), or (4)]. In effect, the definition divides these organizations into two classes, namely private foundations and public charities. it falls into one term

public charity status. application. information you provided and the request you made on your Form 1023 heading of your exemption Code section under which you are classified as a public charity is shown in Please refer to Publication 557 letter. This determination is based for additional information about on the

GRANTS TO INDIVIDUALS

individuals. your following information is provided for organizations that make uals. If you begin an individual grant program that was not described exemption application, please inform us about the program.

charitable basis in to members, addresses, purposes of Therefore, Funds you distribute to individuals to grants Case histories regarding grants to individuals should show names, in a you should keep adequate records and case histories that demonstrate officers, position to substantiate the basis for grants awarded to relieve poverty or under a scholarship or education loan individuals furtherance of trustees, grants, manner of selection, an individual as serve your charitable purposes. or donors of funds the purposes for which you are organized. a grant must to you. and relationship (if any) made For example, Ø you

For more information on the exclusion of scholarships from income by an individual recipient, see Publication 970, Tax Benefits for Education.